TERMINAL OLEFINS FROM THE FLUORIDE-INDUCED ELIMINATION

OF B-SILYLSULFONES

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Summary:

Terminal olefins are obtained from the fluoride-induced elimination of β -silylsulfones. The formation of olefins from the nucleophile-induced elimination of β -halosilanes and β -hydroxysilanes has only recently been applied to synthesis. We report herein that β -trimethylsilylsulfones also eliminate on treatment with $(n-Bu)_{\mu}NF\cdot 3H_{2}0$ in refluxing THF. This, together with the facile α -alkylation of sulfones, represents a new convergent olefin synthesis. Thus, the mono- or dialkylation of the β -trimethylsilylsulfone α (m.p. 52 °C) combined with a subsequent elimination, demonstrates that α may serve as a synthon for α cH = CH or CH = C as exemplified for the formation of 1-decene and the homodiene α respectively:

Alternatively, mono- or disubstituted sulfones $\underline{6}$ and $\underline{9}^{\underline{4}}$ were readily alkylated with Me₃SiCH₂I to give β -trimethylsilylsulfones from which the corresponding olefins were prepared:

The examples cited above demonstrate that the new alkylation-elimination sequence provides access to simple terminal olefins, 1,1-disubstituted olefins, conjugated dienes, and homodienes. Extension to more functionally complex olefins and synthetic applications are under investigation.

References

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